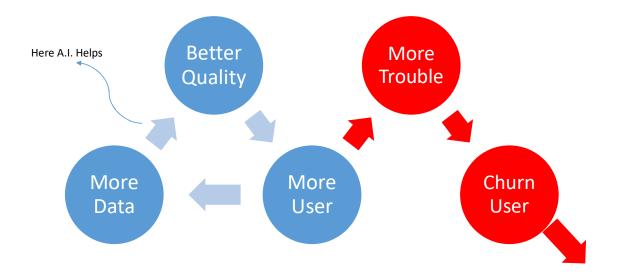
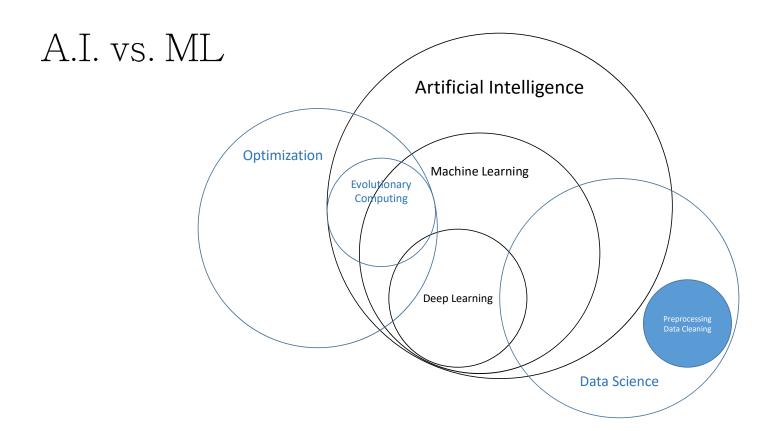
### A.I. is ···

- the **simulation of human** intelligence processes by machines.
- intelligence demonstrated by machines
- a field, which combines computer science and robust datasets, to enable **problem-solving**.
- improving enterprise performance and productivity by **automating** processes or tasks that once required human power.
- refers to the simulation of human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think like humans and **mimic their actions**.

# Why A.I.?

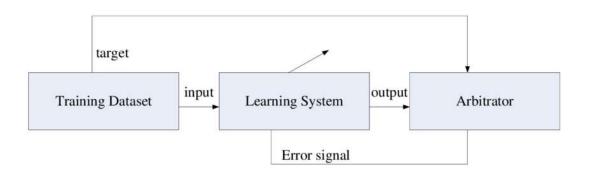




## Machine Learning

• The use and development of computer systems that are able to **learn** and adapt **without** following **explicit instructions**, by using data and/or try-and-error.

# Supervised Learning



### Supervised Learning Classification

#### Popular Algorithms

- Support Vector Machines
- K-Nearest Neighbors
- Naïve Bayes
- Decision Trees
- Multi-Layer Perceptron (Vanilla Neural Networks)
- Deep Neural Networks

### Examples/ Applications

- Spam/NSFW Filtering
- · Watermark Detection
- Scam/Fraud Detection
- Auto-Labeling (Text, Music, Video, Image,...) for improving search
- Intrusion Detection
- Text (Sentiment Analysis, News Filtering, Hashtag Suggestions, ...)

## Supervised Learning Regression

#### Popular Algorithms

- Linear/Multi-variate/Lasso Regression
- Support Vector Machines
- Decision Trees
- Multi-Layer Perceptron (Vanilla Neural Networks)
- Deep Neural Networks

### Examples/ Applications

- KPI prediction
- Price Prediction/Estimation (Gold, Stock, Real-State)
- Age Estimation
- Identification/Verification
- Auto. Scoring (Quality, Perceptibility, Popularity, etc.)

### How to Solve a Classification/Regression Problem?

- 1. Make sure your problem is a classification/Regression problem!
- 2. Gather a good standard dataset
- 3. Label/Annotate your data by using experts or accurate people (and sometimes machine!)
- 4. Divide your dataset into Training/Validation/Test sets
- 5. Train different algorithms (models) by *Training set* and tune the models by *Validation set* to get the highest performance from each model
- 6. Use the *Test set* to evaluate the models and select the best trained model
- 7. Deploy the model and use it in your product.
- 8. Get more data and re-train you model during the time.

# Supervised Learning Challenges

- Bad Datasets
  - Unlabeled data samples
  - Un-balanced datasets
  - Missing Values
  - Outliers
- · Bad Feature Engineering
  - Irrelevant predictors (features)
  - Hard to understand
- Bad Training
  - Over-fitting
  - Under-fitting
  - Wrong model selection
  - Wrong hyper parameters setting

### Supervised Learning Evaluation Metrics

#### • Classification

- Accuracy
- Precision Confusion Matrix
- Recall
- F-measure
- ROC curve

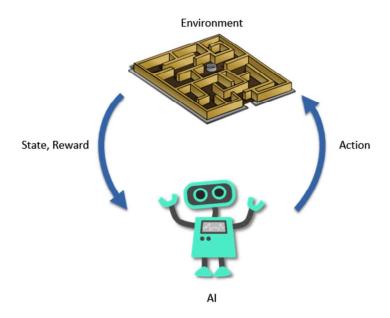
#### • Regression

- Mean Square Error (MSE)
- Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)
- Mean Absolute Error (MAE)
- Cosine Similarity (for multi-output regressions)
- Error histogram / Regression between real and predicted outputs

# Un-Supervised Learning

- Clustering
  - K-means
  - FCM
  - Density-based
  - Hierarchical
  - SOM
- Feature Extraction/Dimensionality Reduction / Data Compression
  - Auto-Encoders
  - RBMs
  - PCA

# Reinforcement Learning



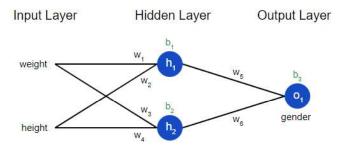
# Review

	Supervised	Un-Supervised	Reinforcement	
Needs Data?	YES	YES	NO	
Needs Annotation/Labeling?	YES	NO	N/A	
Needs Feedback/Supervisor?	YES	NO	YES	
Applications:	<ul><li>Prediction</li><li>Detection</li><li>Categorizing</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Finding patterns in data</li> <li>Dim. Reduction</li> <li>Turn unlabeled datasets into groups with similar members</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Robotic</li><li>Video Games</li><li>Improving Trained Models</li></ul>	

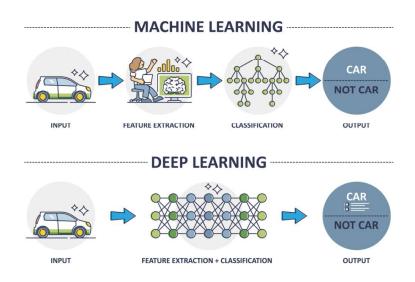
# Quiz

Problem		Supervised		R
		Regression	Unsupervised	Reinforcement
Building a model that can play chess				
Build a model that can predict what are you going to type				
Build a model that can predict the number of passengers tomorrow for <i>Snap!</i>				
Build a model that can predict whether a flight passenger will buy the insurance or not				
Build a model that can recommend similar products to a customer				
Build a model that can recommend a product to similar persons				
Build a model to predict the stock market from previous data and then improve the accuracy during the time				

### Neural Networks



# Deep Learning



- Computer Vision (Image/Video Processing + Machine Learning)
  - Image Classification
  - Object Detection
  - Image Segmentation
  - Object Tracking
  - Face Analysis (Gender, Age, Identity, Pose, Expression, etc.)
  - Image Generation (Deep Fake)
- Popular Models:
  - Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs)
  - Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs)

- Machine Listening (Audio Engineering + Machine Learning)
  - Speech Recognition (Voice to Text)
  - Music Information Retrieval (MIR)
  - Speech Synthesis (Text to Voice)
  - Speaker/Singer Recognition
  - Speech generation (Deep Face)
- Popular Models:
  - Long short-term Memory (LSTM)
  - Gated Recurrent Unit (GRU)
  - Transformers
  - Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs)

- Natural Language Processing (Text Mining + Machine Learning)
  - Text Classification (Sentiment analysis, Auto tagging, Language Understanding)
  - Text Generation
  - Chat bots
  - Learn-to-rank (recommender systems)
- Popular Models
  - Word Embedding (Word2Vec, GloVe, Bert, etc.)
  - LSTMs, GRUs
  - Transformers
  - Generative Pre-trained Transformers (GPT)

- MLSP (Machine Learning for Signal Processing)
  - Medical diagnosis (ECG, EEG, MRI, CT-scan, etc.)
  - Stock Markets/Crypto currencies
  - Electrical/Control/Power Engineering (Fault detection, uncertainty controlling)
  - Geography (Hyper Spectral Imaging Remote Sensing)
  - Telecommunication/Networking (Traffic prediction, Intrusion detection, Resource Management)

# Some Trending Terms

- Explainable A.I. (XAI)
- Multi-Modality
- Federated Learning
- Transfer Learning

# A Fun Tool

• <a href="https://teachablemachine.withgoogle.com/">https://teachablemachine.withgoogle.com/</a>